

INTEGRATED COMMUNITY AND INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT IN BANGLADESH (INCIDIN BANGLADESH)

Organizational Profile 2025

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BACKGROUND:

INCIDIN Bangladesh is one of the prominent research, advocacy and capacity building organization in Bangladesh. INCIDIN Bangladesh is looking itself as a part of a broader endeavor for overall development in Bangladesh, a space for interaction of development activists and exploration of ideas and actions towards societal transformation for a pluralistic, democratic Bangladesh. INCIDIN Bangladesh is a value based non-hierarchically structured highly dynamic learning organization both in program implementation and in internal process of organizational growth. Strategic thinking, ideological preferences and emphasis of quality

outcome are the 'logic' of its organizational growth. It provides space for convergence of potential activists and staff, for self-growth and personal empowerment. It was established in 1996 with an aim to assist the community development process in Bangladesh, whilst never losing sight of the fact that economic issues need to be addressed in order to make the process sustainable and viable. INCIDIN Bangladesh firmly believes that development must not be carried out ignoring the concerned communities, as the prime objective of any development initiative should be to benefit the community sustainability.

Legal Status

| Serial Number | Name of Department | Registration Number | Date |
|---------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 1 | NGO Affairs Bureau | Reg. No.1347 | 11 February 1999 |
| 2 | Social Welfare Department | Reg No DHA 09026 | 17 December 2012 |
| 3 | Joint Stock Company & Firms | Reg C-432(09) | 1998 |

Value foundation

Our guiding values could be defined as participatory democratic (in the sense that individuals have the right to participate in decisions that affect their lives), collectiveness,

consensus, trust and social responsibility. The emphasis of professionalism in INCIDIN Bangladesh is high. Strong focus is given to produce quality output.

Organizational vision

INCIDIN Bangladesh envisions a world based on rights and equity-based value structures in Bangladesh following a sustainable strategy of integrated social and economic development.

Organizational mission

The Mission of INCIDIN Bangladesh is the “overall development of the community”, with a special focus on a balanced and “sustainable industrial development”. This is a formally defined Mission; however, INCIDIN Bangladesh is acting on areas/projects that are ultimately benefiting the community as a whole in a sustainable way.

Organizational capacity

INCIDIN Bangladesh gives special attention towards children, youth, women, peasants, indigenous people and other vulnerable social groups and assist and empower them through policy level advocacy, awareness programs, training, and other support services. INCIDIN Bangladesh also conducts participatory social research, evaluations and strategic planning workshops as a part of its community development programs. In addition, INCIDIN Bangladesh upholds good working relationships with government agencies as well as with national and local NGOs. Moreover, INCIDIN Bangladesh is running similar training program all

over Bangladesh for local level NGOs. Due to the activist background the core value concern is not to be bureaucratic and hierarchical. The emphasis of professionalism in INCIDIN Bangladesh is quite high, meaning strong focus is given to produce quality output. The guiding values of the organizers could be defined as participatory democracy. To achieve policy changes and strategic impact on issues (labor rights, farmer rights, child rights etc.), INCIDIN Bangladesh is creating knowledge through Action Research, gather community experience as good practice, and develop awareness on the constraints and prospects of overall development.

At a Glance Track Record of INCIDIN Bangladesh in recent period

| SL. No. | Name of Project/Programme | Funding Agency | Project duration/present status |
|---------|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1. | Enhancing Protection of Child Sex Trafficking Survivors in Bangladesh | The Freedom Fund | 2023-Ongoing |
| 2. | Speak up! Empowering CSOs to protect children and youth's freedom of expression by capitalizing on the opportunities and addressing the challenges of the digital space in Bangladesh | European Union | 2025-Ongoing |
| 3. | ASHSHASH- Phase 2 | WINROCK International | 2025-Ongoing |
| 4. | Core Support Model Program | Save the Children International | 2022-2024 |
| 5. | Ending Sexual Exploitation of Children in Bangladesh Project | The Freedom Fund | 2022-2023 |
| 6. | A one-stop digital service center to address trafficking during COVID-19 in Bangladesh. | United State Department-USA | 2021-2023 |
| 7. | Addressing Child Labor in Agricultural Supply Chains, Global to Local. | Global March | 2021-2023 |
| 8. | Building Back Better (BBB) | Dutch Ministry | 2021-2022 |

| | | | |
|-----|---|---------------------------------|-----------|
| 9. | Providing a safe environment for the babies and toddlers of sex workers in Dhaka, Bangladesh | Saving Moses | 2019-2022 |
| 10. | BGD Sida CSO 2017-2021 Programme | Save the Children International | 2017-2021 |
| 11. | IKEA Good Cause Campaign (GCC) Project | Save the Children International | 2017-2019 |
| 12. | Prevention of Child Trafficking through Strengthening Community and Networking (PCTSCN) Project | Terre Des Hommes | 2015-2019 |
| 13. | Coastal Livelihood Adaptation Program | GIZ | 2013-2019 |
| 14. | Inclusive economic development project (IEDP) through Food Security | Christian Aid | 2013-2016 |

Qualifications of the Management Lead

A.K.M. Masud Ali: One of the Executive Directors of INCIDIN Bangladesh. Economist, Expert on participatory research, Child Rights Programming and vast research experience in the issues of Child Rights, Human Trafficking, Climate Change, livelihood and conducted more than fifty researches in these areas. He had carried out extensive studies on community-based organizations and community-based development processes. He is the founder member of INCIDIN Bangladesh and member of Jute Commission, NGO representative for South Asia in the UN Advisory Committee on follow-up of Study on Violence against Children and Chairperson of ATSEC Bangladesh. He has been involved in the development field for more than two decades. He is involved in South Asia Initiatives to end violence against children (SAIEVAC) as a chair of its campaign-working group National Action Coordination Group (NACG)

Trained as an Economist, Mr. Ali is working as one of the three Executive Directors in INCIDIN

Bangladesh, a non-profit organization, since 1995. The central focus of this organization is to assist the development process of Bangladesh comprehensively- in which, social issues are addressed so that the process of economic growth is equitable, sustainable and viable. He has long experience of managing projects for INCIDIN Bangladesh. Among others, he leads the implementation of a project on Child Trafficking (PCTSCN, 2015-20) with the support of TdH NL under GAA. He is working on rights-based development initiatives since last twenty years with a special focus on migrants' rights, women's rights and children's rights. Along with these involvements and experience, he has research-experience on National Policies. Recently he worked as the National Consultant of a study team supported by UNODC and ILO for the First National Study on Human Trafficking conducted by MoHA. He is also involved in national plan-drafting process such as National Plan of Action to combat human trafficking for Ministry of Home Affairs (2022-25) and NPA to Eliminate Child Labour (2021-2030)

for Ministry of Labour and Employment. He has worked with Ashshash Project of WVI to extend technical assistance to MoHA to prepare a Roadmap and Framework of NRM to protect and support VoTs in 2024. He has led a process to develop online database to prepare human trafficking Country Report of MoHA with the support of UNODC in 2024. Masud Ali has contributed in the COP process as a CSO representative.

As a part of INCIDIN Bangladesh's commitment to sustainable development, Mr. Ali has developed a strategy of community-based adaptation. His research on displacement triggered by Climate Change has informed the policy actors. He works on climate change adaptation and climate justice in relation to human rights and agenda of Food Sovereignty. He is in the Regional Board of SAPPE, a regional

network that addresses poverty and climate change with special focus on empowering and protecting the rights of the youth, women, farmers and workers. These have provided him with both the experience and exposure required to comprehend, critic and construct policy frameworks at national level.

At regional level, Masud Ali represents Bangladesh on the Regional Coordination Body of MenEngage Alliance which promotes gender transformative approaches. At global forum he was the South Asia Representative of International NGO Council (civil society advisory council for follow up of UN Study on violence against children). These engagements further help promote strategic alliance and networking for advocacy – in which research and knowledge management are key elements.

Area of work of INCIDIN Bangladesh

- Child Rights and Child Protection
- Child Sexual Abuse and Exploitation
- Human Trafficking
- Policy Formulation
- Research and advocacy

Program Strategy

- Capacity Building
- Service Delivery
- Advocacy
- Knowledge Management

Approaches of INCIDIN Bangladesh to work with children and youth

Ensuring Safeguarding of children and youth

INCIDIN Bangladesh follows safeguarding approach into every stage of program design and implementation for the children and youth. The organization applies the safeguarding policy to all people working for the organization or on behalf of the organization at any level. In this regard, INCIDIN Bangladesh followed following steps:

- Install complaint mechanism within the organization.
- Display materials on Safeguarding.
- Arrange training and orientations on Safeguarding for all staff, volunteers, consultants, service providers.

- Orient children and youth regarding Safeguarding measures.
- Assigning Safeguarding Focal person.
- Facilitate the Safeguarding Focal person in collecting complaints and taking immediate action.
- Reporting of any case of violence, abuse, exploitation against children and youth.
- Taking immediate action against reported cases

❑ **Centre Based Approaches**

Centre-based approaches are the core interventions of INCIDIN Bangladesh that includes various services like Safe Night Shelter, Drop-in center, Socialization center for the children who are living on street and survivors of commercial sexual exploitation, trafficking, unsafe migration, abuse.

➤ **Safe Night Shelter**

The ultimate goal of this initiative is to improve the life standard of the children who are living on street and survivors of commercial sexual exploitation, trafficking, unsafe migration, abuse. Apart from counseling support for minimizing stress, trauma and conflict resolution, the safe night shelter provides food and health care services. This intervention also empowers the children through life skill education, peer accompanies, and responsible adult guidance.

Key features of Safe Night Shelter:

- Safe night for the children.
- Health Care Facilities
- Individual Bed
- Individual Locker facility
- Bathing facilities
- Peer companions
- Psychosocial Counseling
- Regular basis training
- Non-formal Education and formal education through referral linkage
- Recreational facilities
- Provide Skill Training for alternative livelihood
- Referral

➤ **Drop-in Centre and Socialization Center**

Children living in urban slums and on the streets are experiencing violence as a part of their daily life. These children are deprived of nutritious food, health facilities, and education, which badly affects their physical and mental growth. Considering this scenario, INCIDIN Bangladesh is providing a safe space for these with the aim of reducing their vulnerability. Drop-in Centers for the children living in slums and streets ensure:

- Nutritious Food Support
- Bed and resting support
- Sports, Recreation and Cultural activities for creative development of children.
- Non-Formal Education Support
- Primary health care

- Birth Registration
- Case Management Support
- Re-integration and Referral Support
- Psychosocial Counselling Support
- Family reintegration
- Life skill training
- Alternative livelihood options through skill development training

❑ **Capacity Development Intervention:**

- Capacity building interventions (interactive workshops, training, session) with the children on Child Rights, Sexual Abuse and exploitation, Trafficking, Legal Aid, Reproductive health, Substance Abuse, Anger Management, Leadership Development and Communication Skill.
- Organize interactive workshops, campus campaigns, debates, and cultural events to sensitize youth on human trafficking and online exploitation risks.
- Develop youth-friendly IEC materials (leaflets, videos, infographics, podcasts) in local languages and digital formats.
- Conduct peer-education programs where trained youth leaders raise awareness among their peers.
- Capacity building interventions (interactive workshops, training, session) with the adult on Child centered approach, Unsafe migration and trafficking, Sexual abuse, exploitation of Children, Online Sexual exploitation, Stress and trauma management techniques, Psychosocial rehabilitative care, Case management, Paraprofessional Counseling, Care for care providers, Communication Skill.

❑ **Community Engagement**

- Form and Functioning Community based committees.
- Meeting, workshop, training with the community members.
- Motivational Session with the community members.
- Community visit.
- Awareness raising interventions with the community members.
- Delivering need-based support to the children and youth through community.
- Train youth as community mobilizers to spread awareness in urban slums, rural areas, and migration-prone regions.
- Engage young people in organizing theatre, storytelling, and art exhibitions to highlight the risks and consequences of trafficking.

❑ **Complaint and response mechanism**

INCIDIN Bangladesh Facilitate the process of establish and functioning Complaint and response mechanism within both programmatic and organizational level. At community level, it is an immensely important tool to collect information regarding any sort of violence against Children. It is easily accessible for children and their families and through this platform they can share any sort of problem with adults.

Adult group members are responsible for taking proper action against reported cases reported through the Complaint and response mechanism.

❑ *Child Rights Violation Monitoring Group (CRVMG)*

INCIDIN Bangladesh formed Child Rights Violation Monitoring Group (CRVMG) consists of children living on street, community children, school children, drop out children and developed their capacity through providing training on monitoring, reporting and response mechanism of SGBV and training on life skill. Child Rights Violation Monitoring Group (CRVMG) is now playing effective role as an agent of change within the community in reducing all sorts of violence against Children. This group is involved in monitoring the present situation of Child Rights across their surroundings. They are providing quarterly report on Child Rights Situation to the adult group members for taking further steps.

❑ *Youth Leadership and Network Formation*

- Facilitate the formation of Youth Networks against Trafficking and Online sexual exploitation at school, college, and university levels.
- Encourage youth representatives to join local Child Protection Committees and advocacy forums.
- Create online platforms (social media groups, blogs, youth-led websites) for youth to share knowledge and advocate for safe internet use.

❑ *Courtyard Meeting*

INCIDIN Bangladesh Organize courtyard meeting on a regular basis which is an immensely important tool to raise awareness of the community people on different protection related issues. Usually, courtyard meetings are organized at any suitable place identified by the community people. In these courtyard meetings, different issues like gender-based and domestic violence, PHP, Rights of the Children, gender equality adolescent reproductive health etc. are discussed, which in turn contributed to developing a pathway to take protective measures for protecting Children from all sorts of violence.

❑ *Campaign programs*

Different Campaign Programs conducted by INCIDIN Bangladesh put pressure on the duty bearers and other stakeholders for improving accountability and prompt response to social malpractices. The campaign generates increased supply and access to information on PHP, SGBV, sexual abuse, and harassment at the grassroots level. It helps the caregiver, duty bearer, and other stakeholders to understand the negativity of various harmful traditional values and practices at the individual and community level and become more committed to preventing violence against children.

❑ *Digital Literacy and Online Safety*

- Organize digital literacy sessions focusing on online safety, privacy, and reporting mechanisms.
- Collaborate with ICT stakeholders and telecom providers to promote safe online use.
- Establish “Online Safety Clubs” in schools and universities.

❑ *Engaging Men & Boys*

The root causes behind GBV are rooted in socio-cultural norms, values and attitudes of adults, where men’s control over resource is perceived as increasing socio-economic causes fostering GBV. It is revealed

that, in most cases of violence, men and boys are the perpetrator and considering the fact, INCIDIN Bangladesh followed the approach of Engaging Men and Boys to prevent Gender based Violence against women and Children. Following steps are followed to carry out the intervention of preventing Gender based Violence against women and Children through Engaging Men and Boys:

- Courtyards meeting with youths to identify the potential youth and formation of youth group.
- Capacity development of young men and boys through training on gender, masculinities, feminine, gender equality, discrimination in order to enhance their roles and responsibilities to combat GBV
- Conduct dialogue session with the community people,
- Conduct TFD to aware people against harmful gender norms
- Provide training for the youths on SGBV, child protection issues.
- Capacity development of religious leaders, teachers and women leaders on child protection, life skill, facilitation and peer technique, gender and masculinity, gender relation and development, reproductive health and rights, rights and human rights, national and international laws and policies relating to GBV through training.
- Sharing and exchange of knowledge, challenges and good practices to reduce gender-based violence against the children
- Community Mobilization and effective use of Media and Materials
- Establishing community care system in society.

❑ Advocacy and policy engagement

INCIDIN Bangladesh Facilitates local and national level advocacy initiatives to change the policies for incorporating needs of vulnerable children especially who are victim of sexual abuse and exploitation, trafficking. The organization:

- Mobilize children and youth to engage in national dialogues, consultations, and campaigns for stronger laws and policies on human trafficking and OSEC.
- Facilitate intergenerational dialogue between children, youth, community leaders, policymakers, and law enforcement agencies.
- Encourage children and youth participation in international forums (e.g., UN, SAARC, ASEAN-level youth networks).

Key advocacy issues of the organization are as follows:

- Advocacy for incorporating Corporal punishment related issues in the 2013 Children Act.
- Advocacy to provide Birth registration to the children living on street and survivors of Commercial sexual exploitation and trafficking
- Advocacy to stop providing false birth registration certificate.
- Advocacy for establishing the National referral mechanism for trafficked survivors

❑ *Skill Development and Economic Empowerment*

- Provide vocational training, entrepreneurship programs, and job placement opportunities to children and youth for reducing their vulnerability to exploitation and trafficking.
- Promote youth-led social enterprises.

INCIDIN Bangladesh's work on climate change

INCIDIN Bangladesh has established itself as a leading organization in integrating climate change into social development and rights-based programming. Building on its strengths in participatory research, advocacy, and community empowerment, the organization has contributed significantly to climate adaptation and resilience in Bangladesh. Major contributions of the organization in climate change include:

- **Gender-sensitive climate adaptation & DRR:** In partnership with GIZ, INCIDIN Bangladesh developed and piloted a gender-sensitive training module on climate change adaptation and disaster risk reduction, which has been recognized internationally by UNFCCC as a best practice. This initiative has helped shift community perceptions, especially by enhancing women's confidence and recognition in decision-making related to disaster preparedness and household resilience.
- **Policy advocacy & citizen engagement:** INCIDIN Bangladesh Facilitated Bangladesh's first nationwide citizen consultation on climate change ahead of COP15, ensuring grassroots voices fed into global negotiations. This initiative brought together diverse voices across Bangladesh, generating recommendations such as the establishment of a global climate court, international funds for vulnerable countries, and fair fuel pricing. These insights fed into Bangladesh's negotiating position at COP15 in Copenhagen.
- **Community resilience building:** In partnership with GIZ, INCIDIN Bangladesh implemented Coastal Livelihood Adaption Program (CLAP) in the southern area of Bangladesh and contributed to strengthening the capacity of community to be better protected in addressing climatic challenges and natural disaster. Through the initiative, the organization sustained collective process and local organizations to face climatic challenges and natural disaster, capacitated women, youth and farmers to address risk associated with disaster and climate change and strengthened sustainable alternative livelihood options for community.
- **Mass awareness campaign on environment and climate change:** During the last two decades, INCIDIN Bangladesh conducted training, meeting, session with more than 10000 people on different environment and climate change issues including flood, riverbank erosion, air pollution, water pollution etc. to make them responsible to stand against the practices which are harmful for the environment. The organization facilitated 6000 community people to participate in the signature campaign and Human Chain against Balu River and Buriganga River grabbing. Already High Court gave the status of 'legal person' to Balu, Buriganga and other rivers to save them from encroachment.
- **Regional Campaign:** As the Core Committee member of South Asian Alliance for Poverty Eradication (SAAPE) INCIDIN Bangladesh carried out campaign against land and resource grabbing

across the country. INCIDIN Bangladesh is the member of two national level network named “Bangladesh Poribesh Andolon (BAPA)” and “Nodi Bachao Jot”. Through collaborating with these networks, in recent period, INCIDIN Bangladesh facilitated the initiative of handing over petition against land and river grabbing to the DC of Gaibandha and National River Conservation Commission respectively.

MAJOR ACHIEVEMENTS in recent period

- During 2022-2025, INCIDIN Bangladesh provided Positive Discipline in Everyday Parenting (PDEP) training to 160 parents.
- In 2022-25, INCIDIN Bangladesh provided trauma informed survivor centric quality care services to a total of 1210 Children (450 boys, 760 girls) who are living on street and survivor of SGBV, CSEC and Child Sex Trafficking.
- A significant portion of teachers and School Management Committee (SMC) with whom INCIDIN Bangladesh is working are sensitized in banning PHP and during the period of 2022-25, six schools have declared their school compound as PHP free.
- Joyful learning method have been adopted into six Primary school (Four Govt and two Non-Govt. Primary School).
- During 2022-25, a total of 141 Children has been linked with formal schooling.
- During 2022-25, Through the referral network, INCIDIN Bangladesh linked 60 Children with skill development training and job.
- The organization linked 92 Children with Government Shelter Home Support and assisted 115 Children to get reunified with their family.
- During 2022-2025, INCIDIN Bangladesh provided Non-Formal education to 1210 (450 boys, 760 girls) children.
- Through the leadership of INCIDIN Bangladesh, A roadmap is now in place for implementing the National referral mechanism for the trafficked survivors.

ORGANIZATION’S INVOLVEMENT IN NETWORKING

Coordination with different stakeholders is one of the strategic focuses of INCIDIN Bangladesh. INCIDIN Bangladesh is working with all relevant actors in formal and informal networks or forums, in a concerted way. INCIDIN Bangladesh also holds active membership in the following forums and networks for strengthening coordination at local, national and regional level:

- INCIDIN Bangladesh is General Secretary of Child Rights Governance Assembly.
- INCIDIN Bangladesh is the Convener of the SSA.
- INCIDIN Bangladesh is the Convener of Together with Working Children.
- Working committee on CSR policy
- INCIDIN Bangladesh is the Convener of NACSEC.
- INCIDIN Bangladesh is the Civil Society Representative to the SAARC level Board of SAEVAC and the National Board of SAEVAC Bangladesh
- INCIDIN Bangladesh is the Chair to NACG (a network of NGO- the National Action.
- INCIDIN Bangladesh is the Chair ATSEC Bangladesh (an NGO coalition titled Action against Trafficking and Sexual Exploitation of Children)

- Working committee member on CSR policy
- Member of Central Committee of International Food Security Network (IFSN)
- Member of Asia Food Security Network (AFSN)
- Member of national level Food Security Network (KHANI)
- Core committee member of South Asian Alliance for Poverty Eradication
- Member of International NGO Council
- Member of Workers Safety Forum, Bangladesh
- Member of Resource Group on Working with Men and Boys, Bangladesh
- Member of Anti-Trafficking Network Bangladesh
- Member of UNESCAP Resource Group
- Steering Committee member of Coalition to ban PHP
- Member of Regional Committee on Inclusive Education of UNESCO
- Member of Helpers Association of Psycho-social Counseling and Rehabilitation, Bangladesh
- Member of Migration and Trafficking Thematic Group (regional group)
- Member of Bangladesh Migration and Development Forum
- Member of Bangladesh Counter Trafficking Thematic Group, facilitated by IOM.
- Member of Bangladesh Population Association

CHILDREN FOCUSED RESEARCH AND STUDY EXPERIENCE

- Prevalence study on Commercial Sexual Exploitation of boy children in Dhaka City, supported by The Freedom Fund, 2025
- Study on developing a strategic Plan of NGOs working on Older People's Rights, supported by HelpAge, 2025
- Study on commercial sexual exploitation of girls in Dhaka, Bangladesh, supported by The Freedom Fund, 2023
- A scoping study of child vulnerability in rural and urban areas in Bangladesh, Manusher Jonno Foundation, 2021
- Bangladesh Study on Trafficking in Persons, Ministry of Home Affairs (MoHA), supported by UNODC, 2021
- Mid-Term Review of Implementation of NPA on Prevention and Suppression of Human Trafficking (2018-2022), MoHA Visibility and Accountability of Informal Recruiting Agents, Policy Brief, ILO, 2021
- Baseline Survey of the Project Areas of protection of Working Children (PWC) Programme of Manusher Jonno Foundation, 2020
- South Asia Poverty Report 2020: Migration in South Asia
- Study on "Exploration of drivers, push and pull factors around domestic child labour, hazardous child labour and child labour in tea gardens in Sylhet, and action research to develop sustainable interventions to tackle child labour Project", 2020
- Assessment of Implementation of NPA to Prevent and Suppress Human Trafficking in Bangladesh (2018-2022), 2020
- Child Labour in the Informal Sector; INCIDIN Bangladesh, 2019

- South Asia inequality Report 2018: Bangladesh, 2018
- Agenda of Institutional Reform for Effective Implementation of Rules of Prevention and Suppression of Human Trafficking Act (2012), SAIEVAC, 2017
- Baseline Study and Situational analysis of Child Protection program of Save the Children in Bangladesh for SCiB. 2012.
- Assessment of the Situation of Children in Institutions in Bangladesh, UNICEF, 2009
- Baseline and Situation Analysis of Gender Responsive Budgeting in Ministry of Women and Children Affairs, PLAGE II, 2009
- Baseline of NGOs working with Child Laborers, SCSD, 2008
- Situation Analysis of Children and Adolescents in Commercial Sexual Exploitation, UNICEF, 2008
- Internal Trafficking of Children in Bangladesh, IOM, 2008
- Situation Analysis of Human trafficking in Cox's Bazar, District, July IOM, 2007.
- Trafficking in Persons Report - Bangladesh, Ministry of Home Affairs, Dhaka, 2007.
- Trafficking in Persons Report of ATSEC Bangladesh, ATSEC-INICIDN, Dhaka, 2007.
- Dreaded Demand: A study on demand side of trafficking in women and children in Bangladesh, ILO-IPEC, Bangkok, 2005
- Good Practice and Lessons Learned: Working with the child survivors of CSA and CSEC in Bangladesh, UN Report on Violence Against Children, UN-SCD, May 2005
- Boys and the Bullies: Sexual Exploitation of Boy in Dhaka and Chittagong, ECPAT, June 2005.
- Co-Coordinated programme to combat child trafficking in Bangladesh (pilot project), Ministry of Women and Children's Affairs, Government of Bangladesh, Dhaka, October-December 2003.
- Consultative Study with the Girls Working on the Street, Save the Children Sweden, Dhaka, 2003 (will be concluded in August 2003).
- Migration of Women and Girls in Bangladesh, Action Aid (UK), July 2003.
- Misplaced Childhood: A 3-year long action research, on boy and girl children engaged in street prostitution as a consequence of internal trafficking in children, 2000-2002, Red Barnet.
- Rapid Assessment on Trafficking In Children for Exploitative Employment in Bangladesh, ILO, 2002.
- Literature Review for the Assessment of the Prevailing Situation of Women and Child Trafficking in Bangladesh, Action Aid, Bangladesh, 2001.
- Study on Lessons learned: A decade of Save the Children, Sweden, SCS, 2001.
- Rapid Assessment on Trafficking in Children For Exploitative Employment In Bangladesh, ILO, 2001.
- Baseline Survey of the Girl Children of Seven Slums in Dhaka, CPD, 2000.
- Baseline Survey of the Working Children at Five Locations in Dhaka, NariMoitree, 2000.
- Socio-Economic Dimensions of Trafficking in Girl Children in Bangladesh, SCF (UK), 2000.
- Status Report on Trafficking in Women and Children in Bangladesh, OXFAM (GB) Bangladesh, 2000.

- Status of Benarashi Child Workers in Mirpur Dhaka, Red Barnet, December, 1999.
- Status of Benarashi Child Workers in Mirpur Dhaka, Red Barnet, December, 1999.
- Misplaced Childhood: A short Study on Street Child Prostitutes in Dhaka City, Red Barnet, 1997.
- Study on the Prospect of Small and Rural Industries among the aboriginal communities of Misplaced Childhood: A short Study on Street Child Prostitutes in Dhaka City, Red Barnet, 1997.
- International Programme on Elimination of Child Labourer as Suggested by ILO For Bangladesh: Checking the effectiveness and looking for alternative criteria of the Programme - A Case Study on Child labourers of BenarasiSaree Factories in Mirpur, Dhaka, 1994.

LIST OF DEVELOPED MODULES

INCIDIN Bangladesh prepared various module and manual focused on issues related to Child Protection:

- 7 days training module on basic psychosocial counseling for children and youth.
- 3 days training module on child development and the consequences of child sexual abuse.
- 10 days training module helping traumatized children through psychosocial counseling.
- 3 days training module on handling child survivors of trafficking those who are dependent on substance use.
- 1 day training module on Child and Adolescent Growth and Development
- 1 day training module on Overview of Children in Need of Special Protection
- 2 days training module on Medical, Physical, and Psychosocial Effects of Child Sexual Abuse and Exploitation
- 2 days training module on Assessment and Treatment Issues: Physical health
- 1 day training module on How to Counsel HIV/AIDS Patient
- 1 day training module Drug Use and Its Relationship with Sexual Abuse and Sexual Exploitation
- 7 days training module Introduction to Training Skill
- Awareness Raising Guideline on UNCAT & UNCRC with the support of EU
- Training manual on Life skills with the support of EU
- Training manual on psychosocial rehabilitative care with the support of EU
- Guideline for management of Community based night shelters with the support of EU
- Training Module on Child Labor and Dry Fish Sector Related Law, Policy and Advocacy
- Module on advocacy with private sector